REGISTERED No. M. 7463.

KERALA GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

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Notifications bringing the unified Prihibition Act i.e., The Travancore-Cochin Prohibition (Amendment) Act 1960 (Act 25|1960) and some important Rules made thereunder into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

S.R.O. Nos. 217 to 233|62.

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GOVERNMENT OF KERALA

Revenue Department

G. O. P. 693/62/Rev. *Dated, Trivandrum, 9th August* 1962.

NOTIFICATION I

S. R. O. 217/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Travancore-Cochin Prohibition (Amendment) Act, 1960 (Act 25 of 1960), the Government of Kerala hereby appoint the 15th day of August, 1962, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. Kerala Varma,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION II

Rules for the prevention of misuse of medicinal and toilet preparations including Asavas and Arishtas containing alcohol and intoxicating drugs.

S. R. O. 218/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21 and clause (m) of sub-section (2) of section 62 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), the Government of Kerala hereby make the following rules for the prevention of the use of medicinal and toilet preparations within the State of Kerala for any purpose other than medicinal or toilet and for the import, export and transport of such preparations, namely:—

RULES

1. These rules may be called the Rules for the prevention of misuse and for the import, export and transport of Medicinal and Toilet preparations including Asavas and Arishtas containing alcohol and Intoxicating Drugs.

These rules shall come into force with effect on and from the 15th August 1962.

2. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

(a) 'Act' means the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950);

(b) 'alcohol' means ethyl alcohol of any strength and purity having the chemical composition $C_2 H_5 OH$;

(c) "form" means a form appended to these rules;

(d) 'medicinal preparation' includes all drugs which are a remedy or prescription prepared for internal or external use of human beings or animals and all substances intended to be used for, or in the treatment, mitigation or prevention of disease in human beings or animals under different systems of medicines, i.e., allopathic, ayurvedic, homoeopathic or any Indian systems of medicine;

(e) 'toilet preparation' means any preparation which is intended for use in the toilet of the human body or in perfuming apparel of any description or any substance intended to cleanse, improve or alter the complexion, skin, hair or teeth and includes deodrants and perfumes;

(f) 'intoxicating drug' means any intoxicating drug as defined in sub-clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of clause (7) of section 7 of the Prohibition Act, 1950;

(g) 'restricted preparation' means every medicinal and toilet preparation containing alcohol or intoxicating drug which is capable of being misused as ordinary alcoholic beverage, or spurious preparation;

(h) 'unrestricted preparation' means any medicinal or toilet preparation containing alcohol or intoxicating drug but other than a restricted preparation;

(i) 'spurious preparation' means any toilet or medicinal preparation containing alcohol or intoxicating drug declared as spurious by the Government under these rules;

(j) 'Schedule' means the Schedule annexed to these rules;

(k) 'Drugs Controller' means the head of the Drugs Administration in the State and includes such officer whom the State Government may from time to time appoint as Drugs Controller.

3. Nothing contained in these rules shall—

(a) affect the operation of the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (Central Act 16 of 1955), and the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Rules, 1956, or

(b) apply to medicinal and toilet preparations which are the Property of the Government of Kerala or the Government of India.

Note:—The medicinal preparations supplied from the S. K. V. A. Co-operative Pharmacy Ltd., Trichur, shall be treated as property of Government for the purposes of this rule.

4. For the purposes of these rules medicinal and toilet preparations containing alcohol or intoxicating drugs are classified into two, namely, restricted preparations and unrestricted preparations according to the capability of each preparation being misused as ordinary alcoholic beverage or spurious preparation or not. A list of restricted preparations is given in the Schedule. All other preparations will be treated as unrestricted, unless otherwise declared by Government.

5. The possession and sale of such of those preparations classified as restricted preparations or spurious preparations shall be allowed only under license.

6. If any of the unrestricted preparations is found to be widely used as ordinary alcoholic bevrrage or spurious preparation or if any of the restricted item of preparation is later on found to be not capable of being misused as an alcoholic beverage or spurious preparation, Government, on the advice of the Drugs Controller and the Prohibition Commissioner, may declare such preparation as restricted or unrestricted as the case may be.

If any manufacturer has any complaint on the classification of his preparation, he may represent the matter to the Prohibition Commissioner together with two samples of the preparation in question of not less than 200 milli litres each and the recipe for the same. The Prohibition Commissioner may consider and dispose of the question in consultation with the Drugs Controller and if necessary may refer the matter to the Government for issue of appropriate orders. Any new medicinal or toilet preparation which is manufactured after the Commencement of these rules shall be presumed as restricted preparation unless and until it is declared to the contrary by the Government. The Prohibition Commissioner in consultation with the Drugs Controller shall report to the Government such instances of new preparations together with his recommendation for their classification.

7. The possession and sale of all restricted items of preparations within the areas in which the Act is in force shall be covered by a license in form 'L' issued by the Prohibition Commissioner subject to the conditions specified therein. Licence in form 'L' shall be issued only to medical practitioners or druggists or chemists licenced under the Drugs Act, 1940 (Central Act 23 of 1940), and recognised by the Government of Kerala or the Central Government as competent authorities for dispensing these preparations to public. The Prohibition Commissioner may, if necessary, consult the Director of Health Services, the Drugs Controller or the Director of Indigenous Medicines as the case may be before the issue of a license. The application for a license in form 'L' shall be made in Form 'A' to the Prohibition Commissioner through the Assistant Excise Commissioner of the concerned division. Every license granted under this rule shall be valid for one year from the date of issue. In case any license holder desires to renew his license, he need apply only to the Assistant Excise Commissioner in Form 'A' at least one month prior to the date of expiry of the license and the Assistant Excise Commissioner shall be competent to renew a license issued by the Prohibition Commissioner. If, on any account, the Assistant Excise Commissioner considers it not necessary to renew the license, he may refer the matter with his own recommendation to the Prohibition Commissioner and the Prohibition Commissioner shall decide whether the request for renewal may be allowed or rejected.

8. A sale allowed by a license under these rules may be either wholesale or retail.

Note:—Sale to other holders of licenses for purpose of resale, sales to Medical Officers for supply to their patients, and sales to hospitals, dispensaries, maternity homes and other institutions mentioned in rule 11 shall be deemed to be wholesale sales and all others to be retail sales.

9. In respect of each such sale the licensee shall issue a bill or invoice of sale, showing the name and quantity of each preparation sold, and such bill or invoice shall be deemed to be the permit for transport of the preparation from the seller's premises to the purchaser's premises. The licensee who issues the bill or invoice shall keep a carbon copy thereof in support of the accounts maintained by him. The quantity sold in wholesale at any time shall not exceed the quantity which the person or institution is authorised to possess at any one time under rule 12.

10. No restricted preparation shall be sold in retail to a member of the public except under a medical prescription issued by a medical practitioner. The quantity sold on a prescription shall not exceed that prescribed in it.

11. A license shall not be necessary for possession or use in hospitals or dispensaries of any restricted preparations by the following persons.

(i) Medical Officers, Health Inspectors, Health Assistants, Public Health Nurses, Health Visitors, Midwives, etc. attached to hospitals or dispensaries of the State Government or the Central Government or attached to Local Fund or Municipal Hospitals or dispensaries or attached to dispensaries subsidised by local authorities or the Government;

(ii) Officers of the Veterinary Department namely, Special Officers, Veterinary Surgeons, and Inspectors, Veterinary Stockmen and compounders and officers in charge of the Central Veterinary Stores.

Note:—In this rule, the expression "Medical Officer" shall include the physicians attached to hospitals or dispensaries belonging to the State Government or the Central Government, where allopathic, homoeopathic, or Ayurvedic or any other Indian system of medicine is administered.

12. No person shall possess any of the restricted preparations except on a medical prescription and in excess of the quantity entered in such prescription. Medical practitioners specified in the table below may possess at any one time for their professional use and for issue under prescriptions signed by them, restricted preparations up to the limits specified against them in the table.

Class of Medical Practitioners	*Quantity of restricted preparations allowed to be possessed at any one time*
i. Registered medical practitioners (in the case of allopathic preparations)	900 milli litres of each preparation
ii. Homoeopathic medical practitioners	57 milli litres of each Homoeopathic preparation

Class of Medical Practitioners.	*Quantity of restricted preparations allowed to be possessed at any one time.*
iii. Medical practitioners in Indian medicine to their own patients and not for sale on other physician's prescription	Three litres of each of the Ayurvedic preparations; and 10 gms. of each of the preparations containing intoxicating drugs subject to a maximum of 40 gms. in the aggregate of all such preparations possessed at any one time subject to the maintenance of the accounts in the prescribed form in the case of preparations containing intoxicating drugs.

If any such medical practitioner is in charge of an institution such as a hospital, dispensary or maternity home and if the quantity prescribed above is not sufficient the Prohibition Commissioner may relax the limit and allow such quantity as may be appropriate in each case.

13. The movement of the restricted preparations issued to the patients by hospitals and dispensaries and by licensees on the strength of the medical prescriptions given by medical officers, shall be free and unrestricted. The medical prescription possessed by the patients in the latter case will be sufficient to show the bona fides of the medicinal purpose for which the preparation has been issued to them.

14. No medicinal or toilet preparation whether restricted, unrestricted or spurious preparation, shall be imported into any area in this State where the Act is in force except under cover of an Import permit in Form M issued by the Assistant Excise Commissioner of the District to which import is made on application in Form B. Import made from outside the State under the provisions of the Spirituous Preparations (Inter-State Trade and Commerce) Control Act, 1955 (Central Act 39 of 1955), shall be deemed to be an import duly made under this rule and the import license issued by the concerned authority of this State under the provisions thereof shall be taken as the import permit issued for the purposes of this rule. The consignment of medicinal and toilet preparations imported under this rule shall not be opened and taken into stock by the importer unless verified by the Excise Officer concerned.

15. No medicinal or toilet preparation whether a restricted, unrestricted or spurious preparation shall be exported from any area in the State where the Act is in force except under the cover of an export permit in Form N issued by the Asst. Excise Commissioner of the District from which the export is made on an application in Form C. Before the grant of an export permit to outside the State the exporter shall produce the import permit or a "no objection certificate" from the Excise authorities of the State to which the export is to be made. Export made to places outside the State under the provisions of the Spirituous Preparations (Inter-State Trade and Commerce) Contro

Act, 1955 (Central Act 39 of 1955), shall be deemed to be an export duly made under this rule and the export licence issued thereunder by the concerned authority of this State shall be taken as the export permit issued for the purpose of this rule.

16. The movement of the above preparations from one place to another within a local area to which the Act applies will be free and unrestricted. But when the quantity taken is in excess of that permitted, to be possessed under rule 12 or when it involves the passing of goods through an intervening non-Prohibition area it shall be covered by a transport permit in form 'P' issued by the Assistant Excise Commissioner of the place of despatch for which application should be made in Form 'D' to the concerned Assistant Excise Commissioner.

17. No permit shall be necessary for bringing into any area where the Act is in force for possession and use in hospitals and dispensaries of any medicinal preparations by the following persons:—

i. Medical Officers, Health Inspectors, Health Assistants, Public Health Nurses, Health Visitors, Midwives etc., attached to hospitals or dispensaries of the State Government or the Central Government or attached to local fund or Municipal hospitals or dispensaries or attached to dispensaries subsidised by the local authorities or Government.

ii. Officers of the Veterinary Department namely Special Officers, Veterinary Surgeon and Inspectors, Veterinary Stockmen, and Compounders and Officers in charge of Central Veterinary Stores.

Note.—In this rule, the expression "Medical Officer" shall include the physicians attached to hospitals or dispensaries belonging to the State Government or the Central Government, where allopathic, homeopathic or Ayurvedic or any other Indian system of medicine is administered.

18. True accounts of all transactions in respect of the preparation shall be maintained by the license holders from day to day in Form E Copies of import, export and transport permits, indents received from purchasers and bills or invoices issued at the time of sale, shall be preserved in support of the accounts and produced for check or inspection whenever demanded by a competent officer.

19. Any Excise Officer of and above the rank of an Inspector or any Police Officer of and above the rank of Sub-Inspector may inspect the premises in which a dealer conducts his business in medicinal and toilet preparations and may require such dealer to furnish him with any information or to produce before him the stock of the restricted preparations and the accounts and other documents relating thereto for purpose of inspection, check or taking of samples of any medicinal and toilet preparations dealt with by such dealer. The licensee shall maintain an Inspection Note Book in Form 'F' exclusively for the use of Inspecting Officers for the purpose.

FORM A

APPLICATION FOR THE RENEWAL OF A LICENSE FOR POSSESSION AND SALE OF RESTRICTED PREPARATIONS.

(*See Rule* 7)

To

The Prohibition Commissioner,
through the Assistant Excise Commissioner..........
Kerala State

1. Name and address of the applicant.
2. Description of the preparations for possession and sale.

Sl. No.	*Name of preparation.*	*Quantity* Grams.

3. Place of sale.

I declare that the above particulars are correct.

I undertake, to abide by the conditions under which the license for possession and sale of medicinal and toilet preparations are granted.

Place :

Date :

Signature of the applicant.

FORM L

(*See Rule 7*)

LICENCE FOR THE POSSESSION AND SALE OF RESTRICTED PREPARATIONS.

I,.....................Prohibition Commissioner, Kerala State hereby license you Shri.........................to sell the medicinal and toilet preparations specified in the Annexure at your shop at.....................during the year ending.................. subject to the following conditions to be observed by you (the said licensee).

CONDITIONS.

1. The privilege extends to the possession and sale of preparations specified in the annexure either in wholesale or in retail. Wholesale sale is permitted only (1) to the holders of licences in form 'P' issued under these rules and subject to the condition specified therein for the purpose of selling again and (2) to medical practitioners for supply to their patients and to hospitals, dispensaries, maternity homes and medical, educational or research institutions. The quantity sold in wholesale at any one time shall not exceed the quantity which the person or institution is authorised to possess at any one time as per these rules.

No restricted preparations shall be sold in retail to a member of the public except under a medical prescription issued by a medical practitioner. The quantity sold on a prescription shall not exceed that prescribed in it.

2. True accounts of all transactions in respect of preparations shall be maintained by the licence holders from day to day in Form E. Copies of import export, and transport permits, indents received from purchasers and bills or invoices issued at the time of sale etc. shall be preserved in support of the accounts and produced for check or inspection whenever demanded by a competent officer.

3. No privilege of supply or sale shall be sold, transferred or sub-rented nor shall any agent be appointed for the management of any such privilege without the approval of the Prohibition Commissioner.

4. An inspection note book in Form D below for inspecting officers to enter their remarks shall be maintained and be handed over on demand to any officer authorised by the Prohibition Commissioner to receive it on a receipt being given therefor.

5. A fee of Rs. 20 per annum shall be paid for each licence.

6. The Prohibition Commissioner may for reasons to be recorded in writing revoke the licence at any time after giving the licensee fifteen days' notice of such revocation.

7. The formula or list of ingredients with percentage of each ingredient of the medicinal preparations kept for sale shall be displayed on the label or container.

Dated the day of 19 .

Prohibition Commissioner.

Assistant Excise Commissioner.

To

....

FORM B

(*See Rule* 14)

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO IMPORT MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

To

The Assistant Excise Commissioner,

....

1. Name and address of the applicant.
2. Description of the preparations to be imported.

Sl. No.	*Name of preparation*	*Name of manufacturer*	*Quantity grams.*
1.			
2.			
3.			

3. Place to which the import is to be made (Premises No. Village, Town, Taluk and District to be stated)
4. Name and address of the person from whom and the State from which the import is to be made.
5. Route and manner of import (whether by rail, road or sea)
6. Whether the above preparations are available from any dealer or manufacturer in the place of import and if so why it is necessary to import from outside the place.

I declare that the above particulars are correct.

I undertake that as soon as the above consignment of the preparations is received at the above mentioned destination, I shall inform the local Excise Officer of its arrival and shall keep the consignment in that till it is examined by him and released.

Place:

Date: *Signature of the Applicant.*

FORM M

(*See Rule 14*)

No...................

District................

PERMIT FOR THE IMPORT OF MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS

Shri/Sarvashri....................................is/are hereby permitted to import the following medicinal and toilet preparations from .... in ....State to ....in this State

Sl. No.	*Name of the preparation*	*Name of the manufacturer*	*Quantity Grams.*
1.			
2.			
3.			

2. This permit will be valid for the period from ....to.......................and shall accompany the consignment.

3. The import shall be made in one lot by rail/road/sea, and the consignment shall be opened at the destination only in the presence of an Excise Officer authorised to verify the consignment and shall be taken into account only after his verification.

4. The permit holder shall give prompt intimation to the Excise Officer so that verification can be done expeditiously and the verification report sent to the concerned Asst. Excise Commissioner within ten days of the arrival of the consignment at the place of destination.

Seal. *Assistant Excise Commissioner.*

To

....

Copy to:-

1..........................

2..........................

3..........................

4..........................

FORM C.

(*See Rule* 15)

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO EXPORT * MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

To

The Assistant Excise Commissioner,

....

1. Name and address of the applicant.
2. Description of the preparations.

Sl. No.	*Name of the preparation.*	*Name of manufactured (Bonded or non-bonded manufactory).*	*Quantity Grams.*

3. Place from where it is to be exported. (Premises No. Name of village/town taluk, and district to be furnished).
4. Name and address of the person to whom and the State to which the export is to be made.
5. Route and manner of export (By rail, road or sea).
6. If the export is to a place outside Kerala whether the application for permit to export medicinal and toilet preparations is accompanied by corresponding import permit or no objection certificate granted by the competent authority of the State to which it is to be exported.
7. Time by which the export is intended to be made.

I declare that the above particulars are correct.

I undertake that as soon as possible within two months from the date of expiry of the export permit I shall produce satisfactory proof of the consignment having reached its destination.

Place

Date

Signature of the applicant.

* Medicinal refers to Allopathic, Homeopathic, Ayurvedic and other system of medicines.

FORM N

(*See Rule* 15)

EXPORT PERMIT

No..............

District.

Shri/Sarvashri..
is/are hereby permitted to export by rail/road/sea the.............
....following
medicinal and toilet preparations from.......................
..................................(address of the exporter) in
Kerala State to..
(address of the consignee)...................................State.

Sl. No.	*Name of the preparation*	*Manufacturer's name*	*Quantity Grams.*
(1)			
(2)			
(3)			
(4)			

2. This permit shall be valid for the period from..............
........................to..

3. The consignment shall be exported in one lot and shall not be broken in transit. Nor shall it be diverted or brought back after export.

4. The permit holder shall, as soon as possible (in any case within two months from the date of expiry of this permit) produce proof of the consignment having reached the destination in.................State.

Seal

Assistant Excise Commissioner.

To

Copy to:

1...............
2...............
3...............
4...............

FORM D

(*See Rule* 16)

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO TRANSPORT *MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

To

The Assistant Excise Commissioner,

District........................

1. Name and address of the applicant.

2. Description of the preparations.

Sl. No.	*Name of the preparation.*	*Name of manufacturer (Bonded or non-bonded manufactory).*	*Quantity Grams.*

3. Place from where it is to be transported. (Premises No. Name of village/town taluk, and district to be furnished).

4. Name and address of the person to whom and the place to which the transport is to be made.

5. Route and manner of transport (By rail, road or sea).

6. Time by which the transport is intended to be made.

I declare that the above particulars are correct.

I undertake that as soon as possible within two months from the date of expiry of the transport permit I shall produce satisfactory proof of the consignment having reached its destination.

Place.

Date. *Signature of the applicant.*

* Medicinal refers to Allopathic, Homeopathic, Ayurvedic and other system of medicines.

FORM P

(*See Rule 16*)

TRANSPORT PERMIT

No. ....

District ....

Shri/Sarvashri ....
is/are hereby permitted to transport by rail/road/sea the............ ....following medicinal and toilet preparations from.. (address of the transporter) in Kerala State to.................... ....(address of the consignee)...............................State.

Sl. No.	*Name and the preparation.*	*Manufacturer's name.*	*Quantity Grams.*
(1)			
(2)			
(3)			
(4)			

2. This permit shall be valid for the period from................. to......................

3. The consignment shall be transported in one lot and shall not be broken in transit.

4. The permit holder shall, as soon as possible (in any case within two months from the date of expiry of this permit) produce proof of the consignment having reached the destination in..................

Seal

Assistant Excise Commissioner.

To

....

Copy to :

1.......................
2.......................
3.......................
4.......................

33/2711

FORM E

(*See Rule 18*)

REGISTER OF RECEIPT AND ISSUE FOR SALE OF RESTRICTED PREPARATIONS

Registered dealer No............./ District..................Name...................Address...............

(A separate page or opening to be allotted to each of the preparations)

Name of the preparation :

		Receipt				*For export*		*Wholesale*			*Retail sale*				
						To whom exported									
Date	*Opening balance*	*Whence received import or from within State*	*If import/name of registered dealer with invoice No. & Date*	*Total quantity*	*Total Col. (2) plus Col. (5)*	*Permit No. with date*	*Quantity*	*To whom sold, Registered dealer medical practitioner etc.*	*Quantity*	*Name and address of medical practitioner*	*Name and address of the patient for whom prescribed*	*Quantity*	*Total quantity issued or sold for the day*	*Closing balance*	*Remarks*
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Grams.			Grams.		Grams.		Grams.		Grams.			Grams.	Grams.		

FORM F

(*See Rule* 19)

INSPECTION NOTE BOOK

Shop No. Muri (Kara) Station	*Village*	*Taluk*	*Year*	*Quantity sold*	*Licensee's name*

This book must be returned to the Asst. Excise Commissioner.... ....(Station) on the expiry of the period of the licence.

Monthly $\frac{\text{Sale}}{\text{Consumption}}$

Maximum Stock
Minimum Stock

Month	*In the month* Gms.	*Up to the month* Gms.	*In the month* Gms.	*Up to the month* Gms.	*Punishment inflicted on the licensee (a) date of offence, (b) date of Judgment or order, (c) By whom inflicted (d) No of case or order and (e) nature of offence and punishment.*
April					
May					
June					
July					
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
January					
February					
March					

The Schedule

(*See Rule* 4)

LIST OF RESTRICTED PREPARATIONS

I. Medicinal Preparations:

(i) Allopathic Preparations:

(a) Pharmacopoeial Preparations.

AQUAS:

Aqua Anisi concentrath (Anisi water, concentrated)
,, Anethi concentrata (concentrated Dill water)
,, Camphorae Concentrata
,, Caryophilli Conc.
,, Cari Concentrata
,, Chloroformi Concentrata
,, Cinnamomi Concentrata
,, Mellis
,, Pimentae Concentrata
,, Rosae Concentrata

ELIXIRS:

Elixir Auisi
,, Aromaticum
,, Auranti Amari
,, Papaini
,, Pepsini
,, Simplex

EXTRACTS:

Extractum Agroyri Liquidum
,, Cocillanae Liquidum
,, Exphoribiae Liquidum
,, Kavae Liquidum
,, Kolae Liquidum
,, Malti Liquidum
Glycerinum Croci

INFUSIONS:

Infusum Carophilli Concentratum
,, Rosae Acidum Concentratum
Infusum Scopari Conc.

Liquors:

Liq. Ethyl Nitritis.
Liq. Ethyl Nitritis Conc.
Liquor Cocci.

Lotions:

Lotion Evaporaus.

Spirits:

Spirituous Aetheris
,, Aetheris Compositus
,, Aetheris Notrosi
,, Ammoniae Fetidus
,, Ammoniae Aromaticus
,, Amygdalae Amrae
,, Anisi
,, Ammoraciae Compositus
,, Aurantii Compositus
,, Cassia
,, Cajuputi
,, Camphorae
,, Chloroformi
,, Cinnamomi
,, Cloniensis
,, Juniperi
,, Lavandulae
,, Lavandulae Compositus
,, Menthae Piperitae
,, Pulegii
,, Rosamarini
,, Succus Limonis.

Syrups:

Syrupus Aromaticus
,, Chlorclis
,, Limonis
,, Zingiberis.

Tinctures:

Tinctura Absinthii
,, Aurantii
,, Aurantii Conc.
,, Boldo
,, Cardamomi Aromaticus
,, ,, Composita
,, Cascarillae
,, Cinnamomi
,, Cocci
,, Coto
,, Croci
,, Cububae
,, Gentian Co

Tinctura Hamamelidis
,, Kolae
,, Kramariae
,, Limonis
,, Limonis Concentrata
,, Lupuli
,, Oliveri Cortici
,, Tolutana
,, Valerianae Simplex
,, Vinum Aurantii
,, Vinum Xercum (Sherry Wine)
,, Zingiberis Fortis
,, Zingiberis Mitis

(b) *Non-Pharmacopœial Preparations.*

Acetum Odoratum
,, Lavendulae
,, Rosae.
Amrit.
Apetone.
Aqua Anethi
Aqua Anisi
,, Aromaticum
,, Aurantii Amaris.
,, Cardamomi Co.
,, Elixir Simplex
,, Hollis
,, Juniperi Concentrata.
,, Lavendulae
Asaplors.
Asavin
Asavine
Asok Cordial
Asoka Electris
Aswan
B. C. Min Elixir
B. I. Elixir B-Complex
Bi Vita B.
Caricapeptol
Cinocaints.
Elixir Amygdale Co.
Elixir Cardamomi Co.
Elixir Melagdine
Elixir Taka Combex
Elixir Velerian Bromi
Elixir Valerine Compound
Energon
Essence Amygdalue Co.

Essence Amygdalae
,, Anethi
,, Anisi
,, Aromatica
,, Aurantii
,, Capsici
,, Cardamomi
,, Cardamomi Co.
,, Caryophylli
,, Orinalis
,, Mint
,, Myristiae
,, Rosemarine
,, Shatwari
,, Zingiberis
,, Menthae Pip
,, Lemonis
Extractum Absinthii Liq.
,, Aurantii Amar Liq.
Ext. Mamala Liq.
Extract Rosae Liq.
Extractum Zingiberis
Ext. Shatwari Liq.
Glycerium Aurantii
Glycolactophos
Hall's wine
Hepatina
Infusum Limonis
Kalpak
Ladcovine
Lecivin
Liquid Extract of Ashwagandha 'Ashwin'
Liquor Aurantii Pro-Syrap
Liquor Croci
Liquor Limonis Pro.Syrup
Lilly Tonic
Lotio Ros.
Maltona
Meclovine
Metofit
Metovit
Mritasanjibani
Mritasanjibani Sudha
do. Sura
Mustee Tonic
Nervobrin
Neurolocthin
Rakto-Phospho-Malt
Sa.asa Hemticic
Sedatin
Sheritone
Sinatone

Siotone
Soma Tonic
Spiritus Absinthit
,, Anethil
,, Aromaticus
,, Aurantii
,, Caramomi Compositus
,, Cardomom
,, Carui
,, Coriandri
,, Cumini
,, Limonis
,, Menthae Virid
,, Pimenthae
,, Pudinae
,, Rosae
Succus Cucumis
Cucus Mori
Super Mecevel
Syrupus Cinnamomi
Tinctura AVENA
,, Card Co. Extra
,, Cardamomi
,, Carui
,, Coriandri
,, Cumini Alba
,, Cumini Nigra
,, Caryophylli
,, Gentianae
,, Gulancha
,, Kamala
,, Leveadulae
,, Limonis Cortax
,, Menthae Piperiatae
,, Orris Root
,, Persionis Co
,, Santali Citrini
,, Santali Rubri
,, Sumbul
,, Tinospora
,, Tinospora
,, Vanilla
,, Vindla
Tonocarmin
Vinolecithin
Vino-Malt
Vino-Pepsol
Vinosan
Vinovita
Vinter Forte
Vintex
Vinum Absinthii

Vitafan

Vitaphol

Zola Cordiation

(ii) *Homoeopathic Preparations.*

All Homoeopathic Preparations containing alcohol.

(iii) *Ayurvedic and other preparations belonging to the Indian System of Medicine.*

Indian system of Medicine.

(a) Preparation containing self-generated alcohol.

1. Draksharishta
2. Drakshasava
3. Pippalyasavam

(b) Other preparations.

All preparations to which alcohol is added or is produced by distillation in the process of manufacture and all preparations containing intoxicating drugs.

II. *Toilet Preparations.*

Eau-de-Portugal

Lavender Water.

Essence of Lavendulae.

Essence Moschi

Essence Rosae Dulcis

Sental Flay

By order of the Governor,
C. K. Kerala Varma,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION III

S. R. O. 219/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), and in supersession of the Revenue Department Notifications No. G. O. MS. 322/Rev./60 dated 25th March 1961 published as S. R. O. 96/61 and 97/61 in Part I of the Kerala Gazette No. 13 dated 28th March 1961, as subsequently amended, the Government of Kerala hereby direct that the duty under the said section shall be levied on the following kinds of liquors permitted to be imported, exported, transported, manufactured, issued from any manufactory or institution or sold under the provisions of the said Act or any rule, notification, license or permit issued thereunder at the rate mentioned against each kind of liquor:—

	Kind of Liquor.	*Rate of duty.*
1.	Indian made foreign spirits except Indian made foreign spirits consumed by Defence Services personnel obtained from Canteen Stores Department.	Rupees 18 (Eighteen) per proof litre.
2.	Indian made rectified spirit and absolute alcohol.	Rupees 12 (Twelve) per proof litre.
3.	Indian made wine and medicated wine and similar preparations, but not including medicated wines which are chargeable with excise duty under the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955.	Rupees 12 (Twelve) per proof litre.
4.	Indian made foreign spirits consumed by Defence Service personnel obtained from Canteen Stores Department.	Rupees 3 (Three) per proof litre.
5.	Indian made Beer.	Naye Paise 20 (Twenty) per bulk litre.
6.	Mass Wine.	Rupee 1 (One) per bulk litre.

This notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,

C. K. Kerala Varma,

Secretary to Government.

33/2711.

NOTIFICATION IV

S. R. O. 220/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28 and 29 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), and in supersession of the Revenue Department Notifications No. G. O. MS. 322/Rev./60 dated 25th March 1961 published as S. R. O. 103/61 and 104/61 in Part I of the Kerala Gazette No. 13 dated 28th March 1961, the Government of Kerala hereby direct that the following shall be the rates of gallonage fee to be levied and collected on all liquors and spirits under the permits and licenses issued under the Act and the rules made thereunder:—

	Description of liquor	*Rate per litre*	
		Rs.	nP.
1.	Spirits, liqueurs, Champagne and other wines classified by the Commissioner as Sparkling wines and wines containing more than 42 per cent proof spirit ..	4	00
2.	Medicated wines containing 20 per cent and upwards but not more than 42 per cent of proof spirit ..	1	50
3.	Wines of all other kinds (excluding Mass wine or Sacramental wine) ..	2	00
4.	Beer, Cider and Fermented Liquor ..	1	50
5.	Rectified Spirit and Absolute Alcohol ..	2	50
6.	Mass wine (Sacramental wine) ..	0	25
7.	Vending fee on Denatured and Methylated spirits ..	0	25

This notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August, 1962.

By order of the Governor,

C. K. Kerala Varma,

Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION V

S. R. O. 221/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 25, 26, 28, 29, and 62 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), and in supersession of the Revenue Department Notifications Nos. 25500-G2/61/RD dated 14th June 1961 published as S.R.O. 150/61 and 152/61 in Part I of the Kerala Gazette No. 25 dated 20th June 1961, the Government of Kerala hereby make the following rule for the classification of bottles for the purposes of levy of gallonage fee etc. on the sale of liquor, namely:—

RULE

For purposes of levying gallonage fees in respect of bottles sold the quantity of liquor sold shall be calculated according to the following scale:—

1. Bottles containing less than 254.49 milli litres	..	250 milli litres
2. Bottles containing 254.49 or more but not more than 500.3 milli litres	..	500 milli litres
3. Bottles containing more than 500.3 but not more than 752.27 milli litres	..	750 milli litres
4. Bottles containing more than 752.27 but not more than 1000.64 milli litres	..	1 litre
5. Bottles containing more than 1000.64 but not more than 1135.5 milli litres	..	1 litre and 250 milli litres.

This rule shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,

C. K. Kerala Varma,

Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION VI

APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS.

S. R. O. 222/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a), (b) and (d) of section 33 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject, the Government of Kerala hereby make the following appointments:—

(i) The Member of the Board of Revenue in charge of the Excise (Prohibition) Department: To be Prohibition Commissioner to exercise all the powers of a Collector under the Act in the local areas in which it is in force and to have the control of the administration of the provisions of the Act in such areas;

(ii) Deputy Commissioner, Excise: To exercise the powers of a Collector under the Act in the local areas in which it is in force and have the control of the administration of all the provisions of the Act in such areas;

(iii) Assistant Excise Commissioner: To exercise the powers of a Collector under the Act in the local areas in which it is in force and to have the control of administration of all the provisions of the Act in such areas under their respective jurisdiction;

(iv) Officers of the Police Department not below the rank of Police Sub Inspector: To be Prohibition Officers and to have all the powers of a Prohibition Officer under the Act;

(v) Officers of the Excise Department not below the rank of Excise Inspector: To be Prohibition Officers and to have all the powers of a Prohibition Officer under the Act;

(vi) Head Constables of the Police Department: To be Prohibition Officers for the purposes of Sections 38, 43, 44 and 59 of the Act in the local areas within their jurisdiction;

(vii) Preventive Officers of the Excise Department: To be Prohibition Officers for the purposes of Sections 38, 40, 43, 44 and 59 in the local areas within their jurisdiction;

(viii) Forest Officers not below the rank of Forest Rangers: To be Prohibition Officers for the purposes of Sections 35 to 41 and 43 to 59 in Reserved Forest Areas within their jurisdiction;

(ix) Forest Officers of the grade of Foresters: To be Prohibition Officers for the purposes of Sections 40, 41, 43, 44, 45 and 59 in Reserved Forest Areas within their jurisdiction;

(x) Guards of the Excise Department: To be Prohibition Officers for the purposes of Section 40 in the local areas within their jurisdiction;

This notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August, 1962.

By order of the Governor,

C. K. KERALA VARMA,

Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION VII

AUTHORISATION OF OFFICERS TO ADMIT PERSONS ARRESTED TO BAIL AND THE FORM OF BAIL BONDS.

S. R. O. 223/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950) and in supersession of all previous notification on the subject, the Government of Kerala hereby empower all Excise Officers not below the rank of an Inspector and Police Officers of and above the rank of an officer in charge of a Police Station to admit persons arrested under Section 40 of the said Act to bail, to appear, when summoned or otherwise directed before a Police or Prohibition Officer or Magistrate having jurisdiction to enquire into the offences for which such persons have been arrested.

2. The Government further direct under sub-section (2) of section 48 of the said Act that the form of bond to be used for the purpose of the said section 48 shall be as follows :

(Front)

Bail Bond.

Crime Register No. of 19

I residing at being charged with the offence of and being after enquiry required to appear before do hereby bind myself to appear before him at on the day of 19 at 10 A. M. and thereafter from day to day until otherwise directed, to answer further to the said charge, and in case of my making default herein, I bind myself to forfeit to the Government of Kerala the sum of Rs.

Dated this day of 19

Signature.

(Reverse)

I hereby declare myself/we jointly declare ourselves and each of us surety/sureties for the above said that he shall attend before 10 A. M. on the day of 19 and thereafter from day to day until otherewise directed, further to answer to the charge pending against him and in case of his making default therein I/we hereby bind myself/ourselves to forfeit to the Government of the State of Kerala the sum of Rs.

dated this day of 19

Signature
Description
Residence

Signature
Description
Residence

This notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. KERALA VARMA,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION VIII

POWER OF OFFICERS TO STOP CONVEYANCES.

S. R. O. 224/62.— In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 62 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), the Government of Kerala hereby make the following rule for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of section 40 of the said Act, namely :—

The person in charge of any vessel, vehicle or animal shall cause it to stop and to remain stationary so long as may reasonably be necessary when required to do so by any Prohibition Officer or any officer of the Police Department or any other person duly authorised in that behalf, for the purpose of enabling such officer or person to make any arrest, seizure or search under section 40 of the Act at any place including checking stations.

This notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,

C. K. KERALA VARMA,

Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION IX

RULES FOR THE GRANT OF BATTA AND COMPENSATION IN CERTAIN CASES.

S. R. O. 225/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (i) of sub-section (2) of Section 62 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), and in supersession of all previous rules on the subject, the Government of Kerala hereby make the following rules for the grant of batta to non-official witnesses and of compensation for loss of time to persons released under sub-section (3) of Section 46 of the said Act on the ground that they have been improperly arrested and to persons charged before a Magistrate with offences under the Act and acquitted:—

(1) For the purpose of these rules, persons shall be classified as belonging either to "special class" or to any one of the three classes specified in rule (2). The Police or Prohibition Officer or the Magistrate by whom they have been summoned as witnesses or released or acquitted shall fix the class of each person so summoned, released or acquitted with due regard to his station in life:

Provided that no person shall be declared to come under the "special class" and permitted to draw the rates admissible for that class except for special reasons to be recorded by the Police or Prohibition Officer or Magistrate concerned.

(2) Non-Official persons summoned as witnesses by any Police or Prohibition Officer, persons brought before any such officer on suspecion of having committed offences under the Prohibition Act, and released by him under sub-section (3) of section 46 of the said Act on the ground that they have been improperly arrested and persons charged with such offences before Magistrates and acquitted shall be paid travelling allowance and compensation for loss of time at the following rates by the Police or Prohibition Officer or Magistrate before whom they appear as witnesses or by whom they are released or acquitted as the case may be:—

Class of witness	*Travelling allowance by rail*	*Travelling allowance by public motor service*	*Travelling allowance by road otherwise than by public motor service*	*Travelling allowance by sea or canal*	*Batta not to exceed.*
Special Class	First Class fare	Actual expenses of passage	nP. 50 per mile	Actual expenses of passage	Rs. 3 per diem.
First Class	Do.	do.	nP. 37 per mile	do.	Re. 1 per diem.
Second Class	Second Class fare	do.	nP. 12 per mile	do.	nP. 50 per diem.
Third Class	Third Class fare	do.	nP. 2 per mile	do.	nP. 31 per diem.

(3) The distance for which mileage or actual motor bus fare and the number of days for which compensation should be allowed shall be determined by the Police or Prohibition Officer or Magistrate making payment in each case.

(4) Travelling expenses and compensation shall be paid by the Police or Prohibition Officer or the Magistrate, as the case may be, on the same days as that on which the inquiry is held. All bills for such payment shall, after payment be scrutinised by the authority to whom the said Police or Prohibition Officer or Magistrate making the payment is subordinate.

These rules shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,

G. K. Kerala Varma,

Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION X

Rules for the disposal of confiscated Articles.

S.R.O. 226/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of sub-section (2) of section 62 of the Prohibition Act, 1950, (Act XIII of 1950) and in supersession of all previous rules on the subject, the Government of Kerala hereby make the following rules for the disposal of articles confiscated under the said Act and of the proceeds thereof:—

1. When orders are received from a competent authority for the confiscation of anything seized or detained under the Act, it shall with all convenient despatch be sold or destroyed by the persons in charge thereof as the Officer adjudging the confiscation may direct.

2. No sale of any perishable article ordered to be confiscated shall be postponed on account of preferring of an appeal against the order of confiscation. The sale of any animal or other thing ordered to be confiscated shall not be postponed on such account unless the owner thereof or his agent shall deposit with the officer ordering the confiscation such sum as such officer may consider sufficient for the keeping and the safe custody of such animal, or for the safe custody of such thing as the case may be, pending the result of such appeal. If the order for confiscation is reverse on such appeal the owner shall be entitled to receive back the whole of the sum so deposited.

3. If any order that any article be confiscated is reversed on appeal, such article, if it has not been sold before such reversal comes to the knowledge of the officer-in-charge thereof, or if it has been sold, the sale proceeds thereof, shall be dealt with under rules 4 to 7 inclusive.

4. Things ordered to be released or the proceeds thereof, if they have been sold, shall at once be given up for paid as the case may be, by the person in charge thereof to the owner or to his agent.

5. Should no one appear to receive a thing ordered to be released or the proceeds of the sale thereof, the person in charge thereof shall do his best to give notice to the owner of the order of release, and shall also cause a notice of such order to be affixed in the village where the seizure of the thing was effected, in the office of the Tahsildar of the Taluk, and in the nearest Police Station to such village.

6. If within two calendar months from the date of the notice, no person entitled to receive a thing ordered to he released claims the same or pays all charges incurred on its keeping and safe custody after the date on which the order for its release was notified as here-in-before directed, it shall be sold; the amount of all charges so incurred shall be credited to General Revenue and the net proceeds shall be placed in deposit. The same course shall be followed with reference to the proceeds of a thing ordered to be released which has been sold before the receipt of the order of release.

7. If no person shall appear to receive the sum so placed in deposit, during a further period of two calendar months, it shall be credited to Genaral Revenue.

8. The sale proceeds of all confiscated articles shall be paid into the nearest Government treasury without delay.

These rules shall Come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. KERALA VARMA,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION XI

POWER TO ENTER AND INSPECT PLACES OF MANUFACTURE AND SALE.

S. R. O. 227/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 38 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950) and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject the Government of Kerala hereby authorise the officers mentioned below to exercise all the powers specified in the said section.

(1) Police Officers of and above the rank of Inspector having jurisdiction in the area in which the said Act is in force.

(2) Excise Officers of and above the rank of Inspector having jurisdiction in the areas in which the said Act is in force.

This Notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. KERALA VARMA,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION XII

RESTRICTIONS IN REGARD TO BONA FIDE TRAVELLERS.

S. R. O. 228/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of section 23 of the Prohibition Act, (Act XIII of 1950), and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject the Government of Kerala hereby direct:—

(1) that the exemption provided for in the said clause shall not extend.

(a) to any liquor other than bottled liquor ; or

(b) to any person who leaves the railway compartment or other conveyance in which he was travelling and occupies any resthouse, railway refreshment room or other private or public lodging or house ; and

(2) that the quantity of bottled liquor which a bona fide traveller may possess for the purpose of the said clause shall not exceed three units in all.

Explanation :—For the purpose of this notification :

(i) "bottled liquor" shall mean,

(a) liquor bottled in the State of Kerala for the purpose of sale in accordance with the terms of a licence granted under the provisions of the Abkari Act for the time being in force or of a permit issued under clause (c) of section 28 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 and (b) liquor bottled, corked and sealed outside the State of Kerala whether in India or not by the manufacturer before issue for sale, and

(ii) a unit shall be taken as equivalent to :—

(a) 750 milli litres in the case of whisky and other spirits including liquors ;

(b) 2.25 litres in the case of wine and vermouth ; and

(c) 9 litres in the case of beer and cider.

This notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. Kerala Varma,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION XIII

Authority Competent to Approve Indian Medicinal Preparations as of Medicinal Value

S.R.O. 229/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (iii) of clause (b) of the proviso to section 11 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950) and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject the Government of Kerala hereby notify that the Director of Indigenous Medicines, Trivandrum, shall be the authority competent to approve in respect of Indian Medicine any liquor or intoxicating drug as of medicinal value.

This notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. Kerala Varma,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION XIV

Delegation of Power to Cancel Permits for possession on and consumption of Foreign Liquor

S. R. O. 230/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (2) of section 62 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950) and in supersession of all previous rules on the subject, the Government of Kerala hereby make the following rule :—

Rule

The Prohibition Commissioner shall be competent to cancel or suspend under sub-section (2) of section 31 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 any permit granted to any person to consume and possess for personal consumption of bottled foreign liquor.

This rule shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. Kerala Varma,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION XV

Authorisation of Medical Officers to Examine Persons Found in a State of Intoxication.

S. R. O. 231/62.—Under sub-section (1) of section 49 A of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), the Government of Kerala hereby authorise—

(i) medical officers attached to Government Allopathic Hospitals or dispensaries ; and

(ii) qualified private Allopathic medical practitioners, for the purposes of the said section:

Provided that no such private practitioners shall be required to examine any person unless the prohibition officer is convinced that the delay in producing the person believed to have consumed liquor or any intoxicating drug to the nearest medical officer attached to a Government Allopathic Hospital or dispensary will prejudice the successful examination of that person.

This notification shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. Kerala Varma,
Secretary to Government.

33/2711.

NOTIFICATION XVI

Appeals

S. R. O. 232/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (i) of sub-section 2 of section 62 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), and in supersession of all previous rules on the subject, the Government of Kerala hereby make the following rules to regulate appeals against and revision of orders passed under the said Act or under any rule made thereunder:—

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1. *Appeal to the Prohibition Commissioner.*—An appeal shall lie to the Prohibition Commissioner from any original order passed by any Prohibition Officer or any officer subordinate to him.

2. *Appeal to Government.*—An appeal shall lie to the Government from any order passed by the Prohibition Commissioner whether on appeal or otherwise:

provided that where it is specially provided by rule that the decision of the Prohibition Commissioner shall be final, no further appeal shall lie.

3. *Limitation.*—Save as otherwise provided in any other rule made under the Act, every memorandum of appeal shall be presented:

(i) in the case of an appeal to the Prohibition Commissioner within one month from the date of receipt of the order appealed against; and

(ii) in the case of an appeal to the Government within two months from the date of receipt of the order appealed against.

Explanation.—In computing the period of limitation, the time requisite for obtaining copies of the necessary documents shall be excluded.

4. The authorities in whom appellate powers are vested by these rules, other than the Government, may also exercise these powers by way of revision whenever they consider it necessary to do so.

These rules shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. Kerala Varma,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION XVII

Power of Revision etc.

S. R. O. 233/62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 28, clauses (a) and (b) of section 33 and clause (i) of sub-section 2 of section 62 of the Prohibition Act, 1950 (Act XIII of 1950), the Government of Kerala hereby make the following rules:—

RULES

1. The Government may, at any time, either *suo motu* or on application, revise any order passed by the Prohibition Commissioner or any officer subordinate to him under the Act or any rule made thereunder.

2. The Officers appointed under the Act as Commissioner or as Collector or any officer empowered by the Government under section 28 of the Act shall exercise their functions subject to the power of Government to restrict the total number of licences or permits to be issued each year.

These rules shall come into force with effect on and from 15th August 1962.

By order of the Governor,
C. K. KEKALA VARMA,
Secretary to Government.